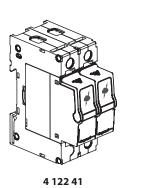
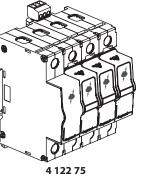


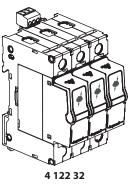
128, av. du Maréchal-de-Lattre-de-Tassigny - 87045 LIMOGES Cedex Tel : 0 (+33) 5 55 06 87 87 Fax : 0 (+33) 5 55 06 88 88 www.legrand.com

Modular surge protective devices (SPDs)

Cat. Nos: 4 122 20/21/23/24/25/26/27/30/32/33/ 40/41/42/43/44/45/46/47/50/51/52/53/54/55/56/57 70/71/72/73/74/75/76/77







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Page

1. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

1.1 Brief description

Surge protective devices for installations supplied with 230/400 V~ (50-60 Hz).

- Equipped with plug-in modules with status indicator:
- Green: SPD operational
- Orange: plug-in module needs to be replaced

Equipped with an auxiliary unit for the remote monitoring of the SPD status (depending on the version).

SPDs T1+T2/8 kA and 12,5 kA (class I + II): recommended for general protection of main distribution boards.

SPDs T1+T2/12.5 kA (class I + II): recommended for small installations with lightning conductor/LPS protection (level III/IV LPS) and power installations without lightning conductor/LPS.

SPDs T1+T2/25 and 35 kA (class I + II): recommended for power installations with lightning conductors or LPS.

SPDs T2 (class II): recommended for the protection of secondary distribution boards.

LPS: lightning protection system according to standards EN/IEC 62305

1.2 Protection modes

SPDs 1P+N/3P+N

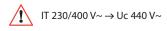
TT, TNS systems

| 4 122 24 | 4 122 26 |
|----------|----------|
| 4 122 25 | 4 122 27 |
| 4 122 44 | 4 122 46 |
| 4 122 45 | 4 122 47 |
| 4 122 54 | 4 122 56 |
| 4 122 55 | 4 122 57 |
| 4 122 74 | 4 122 76 |
| 4 122 75 | 4 122 77 |

Surge protective devices with L-N and N-PE protection modes (common and differential protection modes), the neutral (N) being protected by encapsulated spark gaps with higher power capacities than the phase protection. Also called mode "1+1" or "connection type 2" (CT2) according to standards HD/IEC 60364 clause 534. SPDs 1P/2P/3P/4P

TT, TN (TNC, TNS), IT systems

| TT, TN (T | NC, TNS) | IT 230/440V~ | | | | |
|-----------|----------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| 4 122 20 | 4 122 51 | 4 122 30 | | | | |
| 4 122 21 | 4 122 52 | 4 122 32 | | | | |
| 4 122 23 | 4 122 53 | 4 122 33 | | | | |
| 4 122 40 | 4 122 70 | | | | | |
| 4 122 41 | 4 122 71 | | | | | |
| 4 122 42 | 4 122 72 | | | | | |
| 4 122 43 | 4 122 73 | | | | | |
| 4 122 50 | | | | | | |



Surge protective devices with L-PE and N-PE protection modes (common modes). Also called mode "X+0" or "connection type 1" (CT1) according to standards HD/IEC 60364 clause 534.

Two-phase mains supplies

Use SPDs 1P or 2P.

| Two-phase mains supplies (L1-L2) | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Voltage ≤ 230 V~ | Voltage > 230 V~ | | | | | |
| 4 122 20/21 | 4 122 30 | | | | | |
| 4 122 40/41 | | | | | | |
| 4 122 50/51 | | | | | | |
| 4 122 70/71 | | | | | | |

1.3 Applications

1.3.1 Installation standards

1.3.1.1 NF C 15-100

According to this standard, SPDs are compulsory at the source of any new (or refurbishment) installation that is:

- equipped with an LPS (lightning protection system) or lightning conductor (also see section 1.3.3)

- supplied with overhead power lines when located in a geographical area classified AQ2 (Nk > 25)

In the latter case, a lack of SPDs can however be justified by a risk analysis according to the UTE C 15-443 guide, standard IEC 60364-4-443 or any other recognised equivalent method.

An SPD may also be required in geographical areas classified AQ2 for certain installations:

- with home-based medical services

- equipped with security systems for people and property (fire alarm, technical or social alarms, etc).

Note:

SPDs are usually recommended anywhere where the safety of people may depend directly or indirectly on the continuity of service of this equipment.

The use of SPDs is also strongly recommended in mountainous areas, near large bodies of water or dominant structures (tall buildings, trees, etc), for installations at the end of a line or located less than 50 m from buildings equipped with a lightning conductor.

Nk = keraunic level (number of days a year when lightning strikes occur in a given area)

Ng = Nk/10 where Ng: number of strikes a year per km².

Installations with a lightning conductor or a LPS (or equipped with something that can act as a lightning conductor, such as a metal structure higher than the surrounding buildings, aerials, etc):

- Type 1 or Type 1+ Type 2 SPD (limp \geq 12.5 kA) compulsory at the installation source (main distribution board in secondary buildings) - Installations more than 10 m high (apartment buildings, office buildings, hotels, etc): Type 2 SPD recommended for protecting private areas and floor distributors (communal areas) in addition to a Type 1 or Type 1 + Type 2 SPD

- Installations with numerous private areas (apartment buildings, office buildings, etc): Type 2 SPD where In \geq 5 kA compulsory at the source of each private area if the Type 1 or Type 1 + Type 2 SPD cannot be installed at the installation source.

1.3.1.2 HD 60364, IEC 60364

According to articles 443 and 534 of standards HD/IEC 60364 and guides TS/IEC 61643-12, the use of SPDs in new or renovated buildings is compulsory at the supply end of the installation in the following cases: - Buildings with lightning conductors or a LPS (T1 or T1+T2 SPD, limp \geq 12.5 kA)

- Buildings with totally or partially overhead power supplies in AQ2 geographical areas (article 443.3.2.1 - AQ2: Nk > 25) and based on a risk assessment taking into account the type of power supply to the building (article 443.3.2.2)

According to article 443.3.2.2, SPDs (Type 2) are also required in the following cases:

- Commercial/industrial buildings, public services, religious buildings, schools, large residential complexes, etc.

- Hospitals and buildings containing medical equipment and/or security systems for people and property (fire alarms, technical alarms, etc)

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Created: 07/01/2015

1.3.2 Legrand recommandations

To ensure correct protection, an SPD is recommended: - at the origin of each installation (compulsory depending on the type and location of the installation to be protected) - at secondary distribution board feeding sensitive equipment - on all outdoor electrical circuit outgoing lines (power supply

for secondary buildings, outdoor lighting or outdoor distribution boards, etc). It is obligatory to install an SPD when the safety of people may depend on the continuity of service of equipment (even if this is no

depend on the continuity of service of equipment (even if this is not required by national standards). Although not compulsory according to the installation standards, an SPD should always be installed for communication networks to protect the communication equipment when there is an SPD on the low voltage power network.

To define the type of SPD needed according to the installation level of risk, use the selection chart (see catalogue) or our XL PRO³ and XL PRO³ Calcul software.

1.3.3 EN 62305 (IEC 62305)

An external lightning protection system (LPS) protects buildings against direct lightning strikes. It is generally based on the use of lightning conductors (single rods, with ESE, meshed cage, etc.) and/or the metal structure of the building.

If there is an LPS or a lightning risk assessment has been carried out in accordance with standards EN/IEC 62305, SPDs are generally required in the main distribution board (T1 or T1+T2 SPDs) and distribution boards (T2 SPDs).

Determination of SPDs in the main distribution board according to EN/IEC 62305 and TS/IEC 61643-12 (if there is insufficient information available):

| LPL ⁽¹⁾ : Lightning protection level | LPS total lightning current | Min. value of the SPD limp current (T1 or T1+T2) | Usage practices | | | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| I | 200 kA | 25 kA/pole (IT: 35 kA min.) | Power installations | | | | | |
| II | 150 kA 18.5 kA/pole | | Rarely used | | | | | |
| III/IV | 100 kA | | Small installations | | | | | |

(1): LPL (Lightning Protection Level)

Buildings with an external LPS

Note:

According to standards EN/IEC 62305, T1 and T1+T2 SPDs may also be required if there is a risk of direct impact on power lines (EN/IEC 62305-1 table E.2). However, according to standard EN 62305-4 (appendix C.2.2), this is only the case if a risk of direct impact on the last 50 m of the line really exists and if this risk really has to be taken into account.

Risk assessment according to EN/IEC 62305

The risk assessment aims to evaluate if protective measures are needed. It defines their type and the level of needs to protect a building against lightning impacts (lightning protection of the building with an external LPS) and to protect equipment against impacts on the power or data lines, and against transient overvoltages due to lightning impacts on the LPS or close to the building.

To evaluate if protective measures are needed, it takes into account the following criteria :

- dimensions and type of construction of the building, type and level of use, type and number of lines entering the building, surrounding environment and local lightning density, number of persons usually present, etc...

- possible origins of the threats (S1: impacts on the building, S2: impacts close to the building, S3: impacts on the lines, S4: impacts close to the lines)

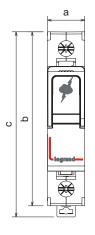
- possible losses or damages (L1: human safety, L2: public services, L3: cultural heritage and L4: economic value)

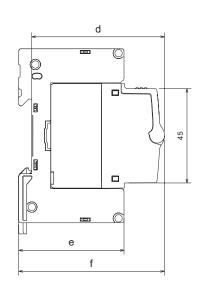
- and the level of acceptable risks depending on the type of building and its final use.

When the calculated risk is too high (higher than the acceptable level), protective measures must be implemented (LPS, SPDs, earthings, ...) and adapted to the level of needs. This level of needs is expressed in terms of LPL (Lightning Protection Level) with values ranging from I to IV, a LPL of I being the highest level of needs corresponding to a lightning current discharge of 200kA on the SPF and to T1 or T1+T2 SPDs of 100kA (25kA/pole for 4P SPDs) to be installed at the main board. LPL : see table above.

2. DIMENSIONS

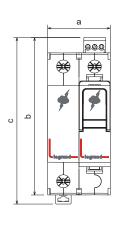
■ 2.1 1P+N/3P+N/1P/2P/3P/4P catalogue numbers without auxiliary for SPD status monitoring

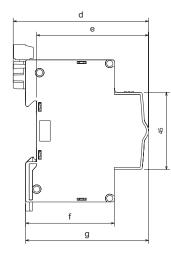




| Type of | | | Dimensi | nensions (mm) | | | | | | | |
|-----------|------|----|---------|---------------|------|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| SPD | а | b | c | d | е | f | | | | | |
| 1P | 17,7 | 83 | 88,3 | 63,3 | 50,2 | 69,5 | | | | | |
| 1P+N / 2P | 35,4 | 83 | 88,3 | 63,3 | 50,2 | 69,5 | | | | | |
| 3P | 53,1 | 83 | 88,3 | 63,3 | 50,2 | 69,5 | | | | | |
| 3P+N / 4P | 70,8 | 83 | 88,3 | 63,3 | 50,2 | 69,5 | | | | | |

■ 2.2 1P+N/3P+N/3P/4P catalogue numbers with auxiliary for SPD status monitoring



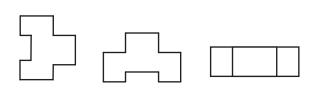


| Type of | | | Dim | ensions (| mm) | | |
|-----------|------|------|------|-----------|------|------|------|
| SPD | а | b | c | d | е | f | g |
| 1P+N | 35,4 | 91,9 | 97,2 | 76,5 | 63,3 | 50,2 | 69,5 |
| 3P | 53,1 | 91,9 | 97,2 | 76,5 | 63,3 | 50,2 | 69,5 |
| 1P+N / 4P | 70,8 | 91,9 | 97,2 | 76,5 | 63,3 | 50,2 | 69,5 |

3. TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS

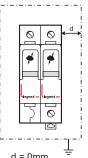
■ 3.1 Operating positions

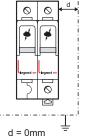
Vertical, horizontal or on its side



Fixed on EN 60715 or DIN 35 rail

■ 3.2 Minimum distance from any earthed conductive surface





3.3 Enclosure materials

Base:

Fibreglass reinforced (10%) polycarbonate (PC) Self-extinguishing: 850°/30 s Colour: RAL 7035 light grey

Plug-in module:

Fibreglass reinforced (30%) polybutylene terephthalate (PBT) Self-extinguishing: 960°/30 s Colour: RAL 7035 light grey

3.4 Metal component materials

Cage terminals: zinc-plated steel

Terminal screws: zinc-plated steel

Base contacts: tinned copper, nickel-plated copper

Springs: stainless steel

Plug-in module contacts: tinned bronze, nickel-plated bronze, brass Rivet: aluminium

3.5 Resistance to shock and vibrations

Sinusoidal vibrations

- In accordance with IEC 60721-3-3
- Frequency range: 1 to 150 Hz
- Duration: 10 cycles
- Displacement : 3.5 mm
- Acceleration: 1 g where $g = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$

Shock

- In accordance with IEC 60721-3-3
- Acceleration: 15 g where $g = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$

3.6 Detailed characteristics

SPDs T1+T2 - 1P+N/3P+N

| num supply fluctuation | | 1P+N T1+T2/8 kA 230 V~ | 3P+N T1+T2/8 kA | 1P+N T1+T2/12.5 kA | 3P+N | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| supply num supply fluctuation | | | T1+T2/8 kA | | t | | | | |
| supply num supply fluctuation | | | | 11+12/12.5 KA | T1+T2/12.5 kA | | | | |
| | fains supply | | 230/400 V~ 240/415 V~ | 230 V~ 240 V~ | 230/400 V~ 240/415 V~ | | | | |
| ency | flaximum supply fluctuation | | (230 V~ ; 230/400 V~) +10% (240 V~ ; 240/415 V~) +6% | | | | | | |
| requency | | | 50/6 | | | | | | |
| ng system | | | 50,0 | | | | | | |
| ition modes | | | L-N/N-F | | | | | | |
| L-N | | | 320 | | | | | | |
| Max. continuous operating voltage (Uc) N-PE | | | 255 | | | | | | |
| | L-PE | | 320 | | | | | | |
| | L-N | 8 kA | 8 kA | 12.5 kA | 12.5 kA | | | | |
| mpulse discharge current (limp, 10/350) | N-PE | 16 kA | 25 kA | 25 kA | 50 kA | | | | |
| | L-PE | 8 kA | 8 kA | 12.5 kA | 12.5 kA | | | | |
| Total discharge current (L+N)/PE (Itotal, 10/350) | | 16 kA | 25 kA | 25 kA | 50 kA | | | | |
| | L-N | 1.2 kV | 1.2 kV | 1.5 kV | 1.5 kV | | | | |
| Protection level at limp | N-PE | 1.5 kV | 1.5 kV | 1.5 kV | 1.5 kV | | | | |
| | | | | | 1.6 kV | | | | |
| | | | | | 25 kA | | | | |
| Nominal current In (8/20) | | | | | 50 kA | | | | |
| | | | | | 25 kA | | | | |
| (8/20) | | | | | 60 kA | | | | |
| | | 60 kA | 60 kA | 60 kA | 125 kA | | | | |
| ······································ | | | | | | | | | |
| | L-N | 1.7 kV | 1.7 kV | 1.9 kV | 1.9 kV | | | | |
| Protection level (Up) at In | N-PE | 1.5 kV | 1.5 kV | 1.5 kV | 1.5 kV | | | | |
| | L-PE | 2 kV | 2 kV | 2.1 kV | 2.1 kV | | | | |
| | L-N | 1 kV | 1 kV | 1 kV | 1 kV | | | | |
| tion level (Up) at 5 kA | N-PE | 1.5 kV | 1.5 kV | 1.5 kV | 1.5 kV | | | | |
| | L-PE | 1.1 kV | 1.1 kV | 1.1 kV | 1.2 kV | | | | |
| prary overvoltages (LV supply faults) | | L-N: 336 V/5 s (withstand mode) L-PE: 440 V/5 s (withstand mode) L-N: 440 V/2 hrs (failure mode) | | | | | | | |
| orary overvoltages (HV supply faults) | | 1200 V (withstand mode) | | | | | | | |
| | | See 3.7 | | | | | | | |
| circuit current withstand (Isccr, Isc max) | | | 50 | kA | | | | | |
| v current (Ifi) | | | | | | | | | |
| ual current at Uc (L) | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 6/25 | mm² | T | | | | |
| Auxiliary contact for remote monitoring of SPD status | | No | No 250 V~ - 1A - | Yes 1.5 mm ² max | Yes | | | | |
| Pollution level | | | 2 | 2 | | | | | |
| Location category | | | Ind | oor | | | | | |
| | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| • | | | Fix | ed | | | | | |
| | | 2 | 4 | 2 | 4 | | | | |
| tion index | | | IP 20 (only when all ter | minals are used) / IK 04 | | | | | |
| ting temperature | | | -25°C to | | | | | | |
| je temperature | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | HR : 5 | | -40°C to +70°C | | | | |
| | Total discharge current (L+N)/PE (Itotal, 8/20) Protection level (Up) at In ction level (Up) at 5 kA orary overvoltages (LV supply faults) orary overvoltages (HV supply faults) ctive device to be used : circuit breakers, fuses -circuit current withstand (Isccr, Isc max) v current (Ifi) ual current at Uc (I_{pe}) onse time nal capacity: solid or flexible wire nal capacity: flexible wire with ferrule ary contact for remote monitoring of SPD status ion level ion category ber of ports od of mounting (number of modules) | Imax (8/20)L-PEImax (8/20)L-N/N-PE/L-PETotal discharge current (L+N)/PE (Itotal, 8/20)I-NProtection level (Up) at InN-PEL-PEL-PEction level (Up) at 5 kAN-PEction level (Up) at 5 kAN-PEorary overvoltages (LV supply faults)I-PEorary overvoltages (LV supply faults)orary overvoltages (LV supply faults)ctive device to be used : circuit breakers, fusesorary overvoltages (HV supply faults)ctive device to be used : circuit breakers, fusesorary overvoltages (HV supply faults)ctive device to be used : circuit breakers, fusesorary overvoltages (HV supply faults)ctive device to be used : circuit breakers, fusesorary overvoltages (HV supply faults)ctive device to be used : circuit breakers, fusesorary overvoltages (HV supply faults)ctive device to be used : circuit breakers, fusesorary overvoltages (HV supply faults)ctive device to be used : circuit breakers, fusesorary overvoltages (HV supply faults)ctive device to be used : circuit breakers, fusesorary overvoltages (HV supply faults)ctive device to be used : circuit breakers, fusesorary overvoltages (HV supply faults)ctive device to be used : circuit breakers, fusesorary overvoltages (HV supply faults)ctive device to be used : circuit breakers, fusesorary overvoltages (HV supply faults)ctive device to be used : circuit breakers, fusesorary overvoltages (HV supply faults)ual current at Uc (I _{PE})orary overvoltages (HV supply faults)on levelorary overvoltages (HV su | Nominal current In (8/20)L-N20 kAN-PE20 kAImax (8/20)L-N/N-PE/L-PE50 kATotal discharge current (L+N)/PE (Itotal, 8/20) 60 kAProtection level (Up) at In $I-N$ 1.7 kVProtection level (Up) at In $N-PE$ 1.5 kVL-PE 2 kVction level (Up) at 5 kA $I-N$ 1.7 kVorary overvoltages (LV supply faults) $I-N$ 1.5 kVctive device to be used : circuit breakers, fuses $ -$ ctive to the used : circuit breakers, fuses $ -$ ctive to the used : circuit breakers, fuses $ -$ ctive to the used : circuit breakers, fuses $ -$ ctive to the used : circuit breakers, fuses $ -$ ctive to the used : circuit breakers, fuses $ -$ ctive to the used : circuit breakers, fuses $ -$ ctive to the used : circuit breakers, fuses $ -$ ctive to the used : circuit breakers, fuses $ -$ ctrue to the used : circuit breakers, fuses $ -$ ctrue to the used : circuit breakers, fuses $ -$ ctrue to the used : circuit breakers, fuses $ -$ ctrue to the used : circuit breakers, fuses $ -$ ctrue to the used : circuit breakers, fuses $ -$ ctrue to the used : circuit breakers, fuses $ -$ ctrue to the used : circuit breakers, fuses $ -$ ctrue to the use i circuit breakers, fuses $-$ | Nominal current ln (8/20)L-N20 kA20 kAImax (8/20)L-N/N-PE/L-PE20 kA20 kAImax (8/20)L-N/N-PE/L-PE50 kA50 kATotal discharge current (L+N)/PE (Itotal, 8/20)60 kA60 kAProtection level (Up) at lnL-N1.7 kV1.7 kVProtection level (Up) at S kAL-N1.7 kV1.5 kVL-N1.4 kV1.4 kV1.4 kVtrion level (Up) at S kAN-PE1.5 kV1.5 kVL-N1.4 kV1.4 kV1.4 kVorary overvoltages (LV supply faults)L-NE1.1 kV1.1 kVorary overvoltages (LV supply faults)1200 V (with50 v1200 V (withctive device to be used : circuit breakers, fusesSeeSeeorary overvoltages (HV supply faults)0N-PE =current withstand (lsccr, lsc max)50 v0v current (lfi)N-PE =250 V- 1A -al capacity: solid or flexible wire nal capacity: solid or flexible wire nal capacity: flexible wire with ferrule6/35ary contact for remote monitoring of SPD statusNoNoion level71or of ports17od of mountingFix1i (number of modules)24 | $ \begin{array}{ c c c c } \mbox{Nominal current ln (8/20)} & \begin{tabular}{ c c c c } $LN & 20 kA & 20 kA & 25 kA \\ \hline N-PE & 20 kA & 20 kA & 25 kA \\ \hline 20 kA & 20 kA & 25 kA \\ \hline 20 kA & 20 kA & 25 kA \\ \hline 20 kA & 20 kA & 25 kA \\ \hline 20 kA & 20 kA & 25 kA \\ \hline 20 kA & 20 kA & 25 kA \\ \hline 20 kA & 20 kA & 25 kA \\ \hline 20 kA & 20 kA & 25 kA \\ \hline 20 kA & 20 kA & 20 kA & 25 kA \\ \hline 20 kB & 20 kA & 60 kA & 60 kA \\ \hline 60 kA & 60 kA & 60 kA \\ \hline 60 kA & 60 kA & 60 kA \\ \hline 60 kA & 60 kA & 60 kA \\ \hline 10 kV & 1.7 kV & 1.9 kV \\ \hline 1.7 kV & 1.7 kV & 1.9 kV \\ \hline 1.9 kV & 1.5 kV & 1.5 kV & 1.5 kV \\ \hline 1.9 kV & 1.6 kV & 1.5 kV & 1.5 kV \\ \hline 1.9 kV & 1.0 kV & 1.0 kV & 1.0 kV \\ \hline 1.9 kV & 1.0 kV & 1.1 kV & 1.1 kV \\ \hline 1.9 kV & 1.5 kV & 1.5 kV & 1.5 kV \\ \hline 1.9 kV & 1.5 kV & 1.5 kV & 1.5 kV \\ \hline 1.9 kV & 1.1 kV & 1.1 kV & 1.1 kV \\ \hline 0 rary overvoltages (LV supply faults) \\ \hline crioral current withstand (lsccr, lsc max) & 50 kA \\ \hline v current (lf) & N-PE = 100 A \\ \hline ual current at Uc (l_{\mu}) & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 0 nae time & L/N: 25 n; N/PE: 10 ns \\ \hline nal capacity: solid or flexible wire \\ nal capacity: solid or flexible wire maid capacity: solid or flexible wire monitoring of SPD status \\ \hline on category & 0 & No \\ \hline 1 nd or \\ $ | | | | |

Updated: 02/11/2017

Created: 07/01/2015

SPDs T2 - 1P+N/3P+N

| Cat. Nos. | | 4 122 24/26 | 4 122 25/27 | 4 122 44/46 | 4 122 45/47 | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| Number of poles | | 1P+N | 3P+N | 1P+N | 3P+N | | | |
| Type of SPD | | T2/20 kA | T2/20 kA | T2/40 kA | T2/40 kA | | | |
| Mains supply | | 230 V~ | 230/400 V~ | 230 V~ | 230/400 V~ | | | |
| | | 240 V~ 240/415 V~ 240 V~ 240/415 V~ | | | | | | |
| Maximum supply fluctuation | | (230 V~ ; 230/400 V~) +10% (240 V~ ; 240/415 V~) +6% | | | | | | |
| Frequency | | | 50/6 | 0 Hz | | | | |
| Earthing system | | TT, | ΓNS | | | | | |
| Protection modes | | | L-N/N-F | PE/L-PE | | | | |
| | L-N | | 320 | V~ | | | | |
| Max. continuous operating voltage (Uc) | N-PE | 255 V~ | | | | | | |
| | L-PE | | 320 | V~ | | | | |
| | L-N | 5 kA | 5 kA | 20 kA | 20 kA | | | |
| Nominal current In (8/20) | N-PE | 20 kA | 20 kA | 20 kA | 20 kA | | | |
| | L-PE | 5 kA | 5 kA | 20 kA | 20 kA | | | |
| lmax (8/20) | L-N/N-PE/L-PE | 20 kA | 20 kA | 40 kA | 40 kA | | | |
| Total discharge current (L+N)/PE (Itotal, 8/20) | | 40 kA | 60 kA | 60 kA | 60 kA | | | |
| | L-N | 1.2 kV | 1.2 kV | 1.7 kV | 1.7 kV | | | |
| Protection level (Up) at In | N-PE | 1.4 kV | 1.4 kV | 1.4 kV | 1.4 kV | | | |
| | L-PE | 1.4 kV | 1.4 kV | 2 kV | 2 kV | | | |
| | L-N | 1.2 kV | 1.2 kV | 1 kV | 1 kV | | | |
| Protection level (Up) at 5 kA | N-PE | 1.4 kV | 1.4 kV | 1.4 kV | 1.4 kV | | | |
| | L-PE | 1.4 kV | 1.4 kV | 1.1 kV | 1.1 kV | | | |
| Residual voltage at 10 kA | L-N | 1.4 kV | 1.4 kV | 1.2 kV | 1.2 kV | | | |
| | N-PE | 1.4 kV | 1.4 kV | 1.4 kV | 1.4 kV | | | |
| | L-PE | 1.4 kV | 1.4 kV | 1.4 kV | 1.4 kV | | | |
| Residual voltage at 15 kA | L-N | | | 1.5 kV | 1.5 kV | | | |
| | N-PE | | | 1.4 kV | 1.4 kV | | | |
| | L-PE | | | 1.6 kV | 1.6 kV | | | |
| Temporary overvoltages (LV supply faults) | | L-N: 336 V/5 s (withstand mode) L-PE: 440 V/5 s (withstand mode) L-N: 440 V/2 hrs (failure mode) | | | | | | |
| Temporary overvoltages (HV supply faults) | | 1200 V (withstand mode) | | | | | | |
| Protective device to be used : circuit breakers, fuse | 5 | | See | 3.7 | | | | |
| Short-circuit current withstand (Isccr, Isc max) | | 25 kA 50 kA | | | | | | |
| Follow current (Ifi) | | N-PE = 100 A | | | | | | |
| Residual current at Uc (I _{PE}) | | 0 A | | | | | | |
| Response time | | L/N: 25 ns; N/PE: 100 ns | | | | | | |
| Terminal capacity: solid or flexible wire Terminal capacity: flexible wire with ferrule | | 6/35 mm ² 6/25 mm ² | | | | | | |
| Auxiliary contact for remote monitoring of SPD sta | tus | | N | 0 | | | | |
| Pollution level | | | | 2 | | | | |
| Location category | | Indoor | | | | | | |
| Number of ports | | 1 | | | | | | |
| Method of mounting | | | Fix | ed | | | | |
| Width (number of modules) | | 2 4 2 4 | | | | | | |
| Protection index | | IP 20 (only when all terminals are used) / IK 04 | | | | | | |
| Operating temperature | | | -25°C to | | | | | |
| Storage temperature | | | | 0 +70℃ | | | | |
| Humidity range | | | HR : 5 | | | | | |

SPDs T1+T2 - 1P/2P/3P/4P

| | Cat. Nos. | | 4 122 50/51 | 4 122 52 | 4 122 53 | 4 122 70/71 | 4 122 72 | 4 122 73 |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| Num | nber of poles | | 1P/2P | 3P | 4P | 1P/2P | 3P | 4P |
| Туре | e of SPD | | T1+T2/8 kA | T1+T2/8 kA | T1+T2/8 kA | T1+T2/12.5 kA | T1+T2/12.5 kA | T1+T2/12.5 kA |
| Mair | ns supply | | 230 V~ 240 V~ | 400 V~ 415 V~ | 230/400 V~ 240/415 V~ | 230 V~ 240 V~ | 400 V~ 415 V~ | 230/400 V~ 240/415 V~ |
| Max | imum supply fluctuation | (230 V~ ; 230/400 V~ ; 400 V~) +10% (240 V~ ; 240/415 V~ ; 415 V~) +6% | | | | | | |
| Freq | uency | | | | 50/ | 60 Hz | | |
| Eart | hing system | | TT, TNS | TNC | TT, TNS | TT, TNS | TNC | TT, TNS |
| Prot | ection modes | | | | L(N | I)-PE | | |
| Max | . continuous operating voltage (Uc) | L(N)-PE | 320 V~ | | | | | |
| | Impulse discharge current (limp, 10/350) | L(N)-PE | | 8 kA | | | 12.5 kA | |
| T1 | Total discharge current (L+N)/PE (Itotal, 10/350) | | 2P: 16 kA | 25 kA | 32 kA | 2P: 25 kA | 37.5 kA | 50 kA |
| | Protection level at limp | L(N)-PE | 1.2 kV | 1.2 kV | 1.2 kV | 1.5 kV | 1.5 kV | 1.5 kV |
| | Nominal current In (8/20) | nt In (8/20) L(N)-PE 20 kA | | | | | 25 kA | |
| - | Imax (8/20) L(N)-PE | | | 50 kA | | | 60 kA | |
| T2 | Total discharge current (L+N)/PE (Itotal, 8/20) | | 2P: 100 kA | 12 | 5 kA | 2P: 120 kA | 125 | 5 kA |
| | Protection level (Up) at In | L(N)-PE | 1.7 kV | 1.7 kV | 1.7 kV | 1.9 kV | 1.9 kV | 1.9 kV |
| Protection level (Up) at 5 kA L(N)-PE | | | 1 kV | 1 kV | 1 kV | 1 kV | 1 kV | 1 kV |
| Temporary overvoltages (LV supply faults) | | | L-PE: 440 V/5 s (withstand mode) L-N(L-PEN): 440 V/2 hrs (failure mode) | | | | | |
| Tem | porary overvoltages (HV supply faults) | | 1200 V + 255 V (failure mode) | | | | | |
| Prot only | ective device to be used : circuit breakers, fuses (TN | system | See 3.7 | | | | | |
| Shor | rt-circuit current withstand (Isccr, Isc max) | | 50 kA | | | | | |
| Resi | dual current at Uc (I _{PE}) | | lpe < 0.5 mA | | | | | |
| Resp | ponse time | | 25 ns | | | | | |
| | ninal capacity: solid or flexible wire ninal capacity: flexible wire with ferrule | | 6/35 mm ² 6/25 mm ² | | | | | |
| Auxi | liary contact for remote monitoring of SPD status | | No | No | No | No - 1.5 mm ² max | Yes | No |
| Polli | ution level | | | | | 2 | | |
| | ition category | | | | | | | |
| | | | Indoor | | | | | |
| Number of ports Method of mounting | | | 1 Fixed | | | | | |
| Width (number of modules) | | 1 (4 122 50) 2 (4 122 51) | 3 | 4 | 1 (4 122 70) 2 (4 122 71) | 3 | 4 | |
| Prot | ection index | | IP 20 (only when all terminals are used) / IK 04 | | | | | |
| <u> </u> | rating temperature | | -25°C to +70°C | | | | | |
| | age temperature | | | | | to +70°C | | |
| | hidity range | | | | | 5 - 95 % | | · |

SPDs T2 - 1P/2P/3P/4P

| Cat. Nos. | | 4 122 20/21 | 4 122 23 | 4 122 40/41 | 4 122 42 | 4 122 43 | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|-----------------------------------|----------|------------|--|
| Number of poles | | 1P/2P | 4P | 1P/2P | 3P | 4P | |
| Type of SPD | | T2/20 kA | T2/20 kA | T2/40 kA | T2/40 kA | T2/40 kA | |
| Mains supply | | 230 V~ | 230/400 V~ | 230 V~ | 400 V~ | 230/400 V~ | |
| Maximum supply fluctuation | | 240 V~ | | 240 V~ ~ ; 230/400 V~ ; 400 V~ | | 240/415 V~ | |
| | | | (240 V | /~ ; 240/415 V~ ; 415 V | ~) +6% | | |
| Frequency | | | | 50/60 Hz | | 1 | |
| Earthing system | | TT, | TNS | TT, TNS | TNC | TT, TNS | |
| Protection modes | | | L(N)/PE | | | | |
| Max. continuous operating voltage (Uc) | L(N)-PE | | | 320 V~ | | <u>Γ</u> | |
| Nominal current In (8/20) | L(N)-PE | 5 kA | 5 kA | 20 kA | 20 kA | 20 kA | |
| Imax (8/20) | L(N)-PE | 20 kA | 20 kA | 40 kA | 40 kA | 40 kA | |
| Total discharge current (L+N)/PE (Itotal, 8/20) | | 2P: 40 kA | 80 kA | 2P: 80 kA | 120 kA | 125 kA | |
| Protection level (Up) at In | L(N)-PE | 1.2 kV | 1.2 kV | 1.7 kV | 1.7 kV | 1.7 kV | |
| Protection level (Up) at 5 kA | L(N)-PE | 1.2 kV | 1.2 kV | 1 kV | 1 kV | 1 kV | |
| Residual voltage at 10 kA | L(N)-PE | 1.4 kV | 1.4 kV | 1.2 kV | 1.2 kV | 1.2 kV | |
| Residual voltage at 15 kA | L(N)-PE | | | 1.5 kV | 1.5 kV | 1.5 kV | |
| Temporary overvoltages (LV supply faults) | | L-PE: 440 V/5 s (withstand mode) L-N(L-PEN): 440 V/2 hrs (failure mode) | | | | | |
| Temporary overvoltages (HV supply faults) | | 1200 V + 255 V (failure mode) | | | | | |
| Protective device to be used : circuit breakers, fuse | s (TN system only) | See 3.7 | | | | | |
| Short-circuit current withstand (lsccr, lsc max) | | 25 kA 50 kA | | | | | |
| Residual current at Uc (I _{PE}) | | lpe < 0.5 mA | | | | | |
| Response time | | 25 ns | | | | | |
| Terminal capacity: solid or flexible wire Terminal capacity: flexible wire with ferrule | | 6/35 mm² 6/25 mm² | | | | | |
| | | No | No | No | Yes | No | |
| Auxiliary contact for remote monitoring of SPD sta | tus | 250 V~ - 1A - 1.5 mm ² max | | | | | |
| Pollution level | | 2 | | | | | |
| Location category | | indoor | | | | | |
| Number of ports | | 1 | | | | | |
| Method of mounting | Fixed | | | | | | |
| Width (number of modules) | | 1 (4 122 20) 2 (4 122 21) | 4 | 1 (4 122 40) 2 (4 122 41) | 3 | 4 | |
| Protection index | | IP 20 (only when all terminals are used) / IK 04 | | | | | |
| Operating temperature | | -25°C to +70°C | | | | | |
| Storage temperature | | -40°C to +70°C | | | | | |
| Humidity range | | HR : 5 - 95 % | | | | | |

SPDs T2 - 1P/2P/3P/4P (400 V~)

| Cat. Nos. | | 4 122 30 | 4 122 32 | 4 122 33 | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Number of poles | | 1P | 3P | 4P | |
| Type of SPD | | T2/40 kA | T2/40 kA | T2/40 kA | |
| Mains supply | | 400 V~ 415 V~ | 400 V~ 415 V~ | 230/400 V~ 240/415 V~ | |
| Maximum supply fluctuation | | (230/400 V~; 400 V~) +10% (240/415 V~; 415 V~) +6% | | | |
| Frequency | | 50/60 Hz | | | |
| Earthing system | | TT, TNC, TNS, IT | TNC, IT | TT, TNS, IT | |
| Protection modes | | L(N)/PE | | | |
| Max. continuous operating voltage (Uc) | | 440 V~ | | | |
| Nominal current In (8/20) | | 20 kA | | | |
| Imax (8/20) | | | 40 kA | | |
| Total discharge current (L+N)/PE (Itotal, 8/20) | | | 120 kA | 125 kA | |
| Protection level (Up) at In | L(N)-PE | | 2.1 kV | | |
| Protection level (Up) at 5 kA | L(N)-PE | | 1.3 kV | | |
| Residual voltage at 15 kA | L(N)-PE | 1.8 kV | | | |
| Temporary overvoltages (LV supply faults) | | L-PE: 440 V/5 s (withstand mode) L-N(L-PEN): 440 V/2 hrs (failure mode) | | | |
| Temporary overvoltages (HV supply faults) | | 1200 V + 440 V (failure mode) | | | |
| Protective device to be used : circuit breakers, fuses (TN system only) | | See 3.7 | | | |
| Short-circuit current withstand (Isccr, Isc max) | | 50 kA | | | |
| Residual current at Uc (I _{PE}) | | lpe < 0.5 mA | | | |
| Response time | | 25 ns | | | |
| Terminal capacity: solid or flexible wire Terminal capacity: flexible wire with ferrule | | 6/35 mm² 6/25 mm² | | | |
| Auxiliary contact for remote monitoring of SPD status | | No | Yes | Yes | |
| | | 250 V~ - 1A - 1.5 mm² max | | | |
| Pollution level | | 2 | | | |
| Location category | | Indoor | | | |
| Number of ports | | 1 | | | |
| Method of mounting | | Fixed | | | |
| Width (number of modules) | | 1 | 3 | 4 | |
| Protection index | | IP 20 (only when all terminals are used) / IK 04 | | | |
| Operating temperature | | -25°C to +70°C | | | |
| Storage temperature | | -40°C to +70°C | | | |
| Humidity range | | HR : 5 - 95 % | | | |

3.7 Maximal protective devices used with SPDs

| | | 230/400 V~ ; 240/415 V~ ; 50/60 Hz | | | | | |
|---------------|---------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------|--|
| | 1 | T1 1P/2P/4P | T 1P+N / 3P+N | TN | п | Ø : (X, Y, Z) | |
| T1+T2/12,5 kA | ¥ | C63 | | | ≥ 16 mm ² | | |
| 11712/12,3 KA | \rightarrow | - gG ≤ 125 A | | | 2101111- | | |
| T1+T2/8 kA | × | C40 | | | $\geq 10 \text{ mm}^2$ | | |
| 11+12/0 KA | 11+12/8 KA | | $gG \le 80 \text{ A}$ | | | ≥ 10 mm- | |
| T2/40 kA | × | C40 | | | ≥ 10 mm ² | | |
| Uc = 440 V | \vdash | gG ≤ 63 A | | |] ≥ 10 mm² | | |
| T2/40 kA | × | C40 | | | ≥ 10 mm ² | | |
| Uc = 320 V | | gG ≤ 63 A | | | ≥ 10 mi | | |
| T2/20 kA | × | ∕⊮_ C20 | | $\geq 6 \text{ mm}^2$ | | | |
| 12/20 KA | \rightarrow | | $gG \le 40 \text{ A}$ | | | 20 mm² | |

According to national regulations, the conductor may not be protected or cut. At minima, cut of neutral conductor recommended for purposes of easy maintenance and easy controls of the insulation resistance of the installation. In this case, apply the normal rules of the neutral system to choose protections with neutral protected or cut.

DX³, TX³, **DX**², **X** Two-phase mains supplies: 2P circuit breakers only (ratings: see above)

By default, the rating of the circuit-breaker or fuse must be the maximum rating indicated. If a selectivity is sought with upstream protection then it is possible to use a lower caliber but 3 levels max according to the Renard series

Ex : Max protection is 125 A ---> rating min = 63 A

In this case, it is strongly recommended to use the auxiliary to report the circuit-breaker status and thus prevent undesired operation of the circuitbreaker during overvoltage treatment.

Updated: 02/11/2017

Created: 07/01/2015

4. CONFORMITY

Conforming to standards EN 61643-11:2012 and IEC 61643-11 edition 1: 2011.

These SPDs ensure compliance with the installation obligations and recommendations of standards NF C 15-100 (HD/IEC 60364) part 534, standards IEC/EN 62305 and guide UTE C 15-443 (TS/IEC 61643-12).

Conforming to directives 2014/35/UE.

5. INSTALLATION

5.1 General principle

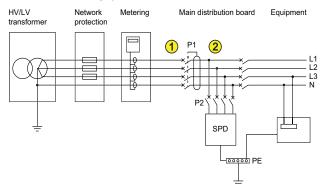
Surge protective devices must not be installed in locations where there is a risk of fire or explosion without special provisions. They must be disconnected before checking the insulation resistance of the installation.

■ 5.2 Types of SPD and earthing systems

Residual current devices and continuity of service: if the main distribution board protective device located upstream of the SPD includes a residual current device, this must be type S or delayed at the installation source (residual current device immunised against overvoltages up to 5 kA in accordance with standard NF C 15-100 and 3 kA in accordance with standard HD/IEC 60364). Also recommended for secondary distribution boards.

When possible (according to local rules), the SPD and its associated protective device should be installed upstream of the main protective device as shown below (in accordance with standards HD/IEC 60364).

SPDs and TT earthing system



P1: main protective device of the installation

P2: protective device used with the SPD (see 3.6.2)

SPD: surge protective device with Uc 275 or 320 V recommended

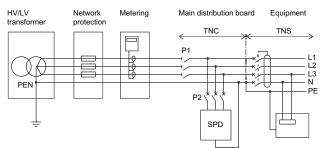
(upstream of P1): SPDs 1P+N/3P+N only

(except for Cat. Nos. 0 039 51/53/71/73).

SPDs 1P/2P/3P/4P and Cat. Nos. 039 51/53/71/73 must always be installed downstream of a residual current device (discriminating or delayed, at the origin of the installation).

(2) (downstream of P1): any SPD

SPDs and TN (TNC, TNS and TNC-S) earthing systems



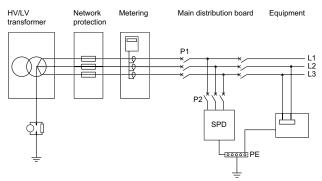
P1: main protective device of the installation

P2: protective device used with the SPD (see 3.6.2)

SPD: surge protective device with Uc 275 or 320 V recommended

SPDs and IT earthing system (230/400 V~)

Cat. Nos 4 122 30/32/33



P1: main protective device of the installation

P2: protective device used with the SPD (see 3.6.2)

SPD: surge protective device with Uc 440 V (Uc < 440 V prohibited)

Two-phase mains supplies

Use SPDs 1P or 2P. Associated protective device: see section 3.6.2

5.3 Connections

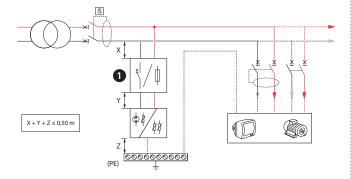
Check that the earth connection to which the exposed conductive parts of the installation are connected complies with standard NF C 15-100 (HD/IEC 60364).

SPD connected to the mains supply and to the protective conductor (PE) using as short a connection as possible, $X+Y+Z \le 50$ cm.

Compulsory connection of the earth terminal on the surge protective device to the protective conductor (PE) on the distribution board.

Equipotentiality rules: interconnection of the exposed conductive parts of the equipment and the protective conductor (PE) on the distribution board, which is itself connected to the earth terminal of the surge protective device.

Electromagnetic compatibility rules: avoid loops, fix the cables firmly against the exposed metal conductive parts.



1 Protective device used with the SPD (see 3.6.2)

Recommended connection cross-sections and lengths to be stripped:

| 14 mm | 6 - 35 mm² |
|-------|--------------------------------------------------|
| 14 mm | 6 - 35 mm² 6 - 25 mm² (<i>with ferrule</i>) |

Tools required and tightening torque

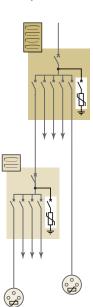
Flat blade screwdriver Ø 4 to 6.5 mm

Crosshead screwdriver Ø 4 to 6.5 mm, Pozidriv PZ2 recess Min. torque: 2.5 Nm

Max. torque: 3 Nm

5.4 Cascaded SPDs

Effective protection against overvoltages cannot generally be assured with a single SPD if its protection level (Up) is greater than 1.2 kV (EN/IEC 62305 and TS/IEC 61643-12).



When there are overvoltages, an SPD protects equipment by limiting these overvoltages to values that can be tolerated by the equipment. Thus, depending on its discharge capacity (discharge current In, Imax, etc.) and its protection level (Up), an SPD will limit these overvoltages to varying values depending on the energy levels involved. The overvoltage values likely to be transmitted downstream of the SPD can double over distances of more than 10 m due to resonances associated with the type of electrical installation and the type of equipment.

Overvoltages greater than 2.5 kV can then occur and damage equipment if the residual energy is high enough (2.5 kV being the insulation level of most electrical and electronic equipment, or even 1.5 kV for electrical domestic appliances). SPDs should be installed in the distribution boards supplying equipment that is sensitive or critical for the activity being carried out (and/or near to equipment with proximity SPDs).

5.5 Coordinating upstream/downstream SPDs

Consists of ensuring that any downstream SPD (in distribution enclosures or proximity SPDs) is correctly coordinated in energy terms with any SPD located upstream (TS 61643-12).

Minimum distances between SPDs (m)

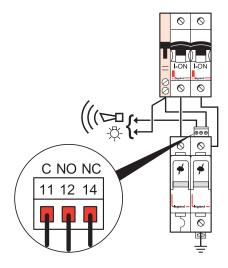
| Unstream CDD | Downstream SPD | Minimum distance (m) | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|--------------|--|
| Upstream SPD | Opstream SPD Downstream SPD | | Without LPS* | |
| T1+T2/35 and T1+T2/25 | T2/40 (Uc 440V) | 0 | 0 | |
| 11+12/35 and 11+12/25 | T2/40 (Uc 320V) | 1 | 0 | |
| T1+T2/12.5 and T1+T2/8 | T2/40 | 5 | 0 | |
| | T2/20 or T2/12 | 8 | 0 | |
| T2/40 | T2/20 or T2/12 | - | 1 | |
| T2/20 | T2/12 | - | 0.5 | |
| T2/20 and T2/12 | Proximity SPDs | - | 2 | |

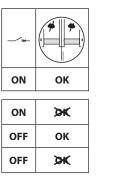
* LPS : Lightning Protection System

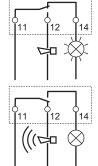
6. ACCESSORIES

■ 6.1 Signalling auxiliary

Cat. Nos 4 122 32/33/42/72/74/75/76/77



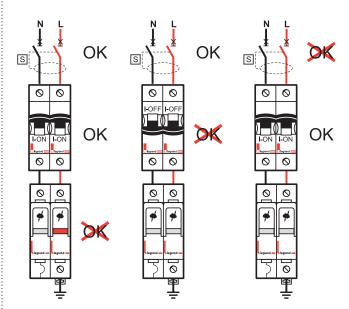




■ 6.2 Replacement plug-in modules with status indicator

- Green: SPD operational

- Orange: plug-in module needs to be replaced



| Module Cat. Nos. | Туре | SPD Cat. Nos. |
|---------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 4 122 97 | T2/20 kA | 4 122 20/24/25 |
| 4 122 98 | T2/20 kA (N-PE module) | 4 122 24/25 |
| 4 122 99 | T2/40 kA | 4 122 40/42/44/45 |
| 4 123 00 | T2/40 kA (N-PE module) | 4 122 44/45 |
| 4 123 01 | T2/40 kA (440 V) | 4 122 30/32/33 |
| 4 123 02 | T1+T2/8 kA | 4 122 50/51/52/53/54/55/56/57 |
| 4 123 03 | T1+T2/12.5 kA | 4 122 70/71/72/73/74/75/76/77 |